

## **LESSON NOTE FOR WEEK SIX (FAMVAR INTERNATIONAL SECONDARY SCHOOL )**

**SUBJECT:** HISTORY

**CLASS:** JSS1

**TOPIC:** HISTORICAL SITES: MEANING, CLASSES AND SIGNIFICANCE

### **MEANING OF HISTORICAL SITES**

Historical sites are places where history was created. A historic site or heritage site is an official location where pieces of political, military, cultural, or social history have been preserved due to their cultural heritage value.

### **CLASSES OF HISTORICAL SITES**

There are different classes of historical sites and these include:

1. Cultural Historical sites
2. Natural and Man-Made Sites
3. Mystic and Sacred Sites
4. Museums and art galleries
5. Digital and Documented Heritage

### **EXAMPLES OF HISTORICAL SITES**

Examples of famous historical sites and monuments include:

- I. Jesus' tomb in Jerusalem, Israel
- II. Ogbunike Cave, Anambra, Nigeria
- III. Ancient Kano Walls, Kano, Nigeria
- IV. The Great Wall of China
- V. Osun-Osogbo, Sacred Grove, Nigeria
- VI. Olumo Rock, Abeokuta
- VII. Yankari Games Reserve, Bauchi, Nigeria
- VIII. St. Peter's Basilica, Rome

### **SIGNIFICANCE/IMPORTANCE OF HISTORICAL SITES**

1. Historical sites preserve the cultural heritage of people and help us appreciate the achievements of past civilizations.
2. They help us compare civilizations and technologies across generations and among people.
3. They are centres of tourist attraction for leisure and learning and generate revenue for a country.
4. They make the study of history very practical, easy and enjoyable.

### **HOMEWORK**

1. What are historical sites?
1. State four classes of historical sites.
1. State three importance of historical sites.